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DOCUMENT

June 17, 2019

ECF LETTER-MOTION

The Honorable Content Medical United States District Court, S.D.N.Y. The Honorable Colleen McMahon New York, New York 10007

Gelen hu Mal 6/17/19

Re: Advanced Video Technologies LLC (Plaintiff) -against-

HTC Corporation and HTC America, Inc. (Defendants)

S.D.N.Y. Case No. 1:11-cv-06604 (CM) (RLE)

Application for leave to file a short sur-reply brief of 5 pages or less

Your Honor:

I represent non-party Alexander Poltorak in the above-referenced case ("Non-Party").

On May 22, 2019, I filed a memorandum of law for the Non-Party in opposition to Plaintiff's motion seeking to impose personal liability on the Non-Party - - despite the fact that Plaintiff never obtained leave from the Court to amend its complaint to assert a personal liability claim against the Non-Party (the "Non-Party Brief"). Dkt 269.

As set forth in the Non-Party Brief (Dkt 269), the Supreme Court has ruled that, pursuant to due process principles and FRCP 15, a Plaintiff cannot impose personal liability on a Non-Party unless a Plaintiff first obtains leave of Court to amend its pleading to assert a personal liability claim and, in connection therewith, the Non-Party (who becomes a Party solely if leave to amend is granted and an amended complaint is served on the Non-Party) is afforded its due process right to answer (and respond to) the allegations in the amended complaint. See Nelson v. Adams USA, Inc., 529 U.S. 460 (2000).

Plaintiff's original motion papers did not address this Supreme Court ruling, or the due process principles addressed therein, involving an attempt to impose personal liability on a non-party.

Plaintiff's reply brief (Dkt 271), for the first time, addresses this Supreme Court ruling and asserts that due process principles allow personal liability to be imposed on a nonparty - - even in the absence of Court permission to amend the complaint - - and even without affording the non-party a due process opportunity, by answer and/or discovery, to respond to specific allegations by a plaintiff in a pleading (as contrasted with attorney-assertions, typically lacking personal knowledge, in a motion declaration).

Prior to Plaintiff's reply brief (Dkt 271), the Non-Party was unaware of how Plaintiff would address these important due process principles, as applied to this case.

I am a sole practitioner. I was on trial last week during which Plaintiff's reply brief was filed. I have now reviewed Plaintiff's reply brief.

Pursuant to the foregoing, and in order to protect the Non-Party's rights in response to the new assertions in Plaintiff's reply brief, I respectfully request permission from the Court to file a sur-reply brief, not to exceed five (5) pages, by Monday June 24.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/

Michael B. Wolk

cc: Counsel of record (by efiling)